

**CAUCDF****PURPOSE**

Compute the standard Cauchy (i.e, median=0, 75% point at 1) cumulative distribution function.

**DESCRIPTION**

The standard form of the Cauchy distribution has the following probability density function:

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\pi(1 + x^2)} \quad (\text{EQ 8-125})$$

The Cauchy cumulative distribution has the formula:

$$F(x) = 0.5 + \frac{\arctan(x)}{\pi} \quad (\text{EQ 8-126})$$

The input value can be any real number. The Cauchy distribution does not have a finite mean or standard deviation. Like the normal distribution, it is symmetric about its median, but with longer and flatter tails.

**SYNTAX**

LET <y2> = CAUCDF(<y1>)

<SUBSET/EXCEPT/FOR qualification>

where <y1> is a variable, a number, or a parameter;

<y2> is a variable or a parameter (depending on what <y1> is) where the computed Cauchy cdf value is stored;  
and where the <SUBSET/EXCEPT/FOR qualification> is optional.

**EXAMPLES**

LET A = CAUCDF(3)

LET X2 = CAUCDF(X1)

**NOTE**

The general form of the Cauchy probability density function is:

$$f(x) = \left(\frac{1}{s}\right) \frac{1}{\pi \left(1 + \left(\frac{x-t}{s}\right)^2\right)} \quad (\text{EQ 8-127})$$

The general form of the Cauchy cumulative distribution function is:

$$F(x) = 0.5 + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{x-t}{s}\right)}{\pi} \quad (\text{EQ 8-128})$$

where t and s are the location and scale parameters respectively. See topic (3) under the General considerations section at the beginning of this chapter for a discussion of generating cdf values for the general form of the distribution.

**DEFAULT**

None

**SYNONYMS**

None

**RELATED COMMANDS**

CAUPDF	=	Compute the Cauchy probability density function.
CAUPPF	=	Compute the Cauchy percent point function.
NORCDF	=	Compute the normal cumulative distribution function.
NORPDF	=	Compute the normal probability density function.
NORPPF	=	Compute the normal percent point function.
TCDF	=	Compute the T cumulative distribution function.
TPDF	=	Compute the T probability density function.

TPPF = Compute the T percent point function.

## REFERENCE

“Continuous Univariate Distributions - 1,” Johnson and Kotz, Houghton Mifflin, 1970 (chapter 16).

“Handbook of Mathematical Functions, Applied Mathematics Series, Vol. 55,” Abramowitz and Stegun, National Bureau of Standards, 1964 (page 930).

## APPLICATIONS

Data Analysis

## IMPLEMENTATION DATE

94/4

## PROGRAM

```
YLIMITS 0 1
MAJOR YTIC NUMBER 6
MINOR YTIC NUMBER 1
YTIC DECIMAL 1
XLIMITS -5 5
XTIC OFFSET 0.6 0.6
TITLE AUTOMATIC
X1LABEL X
Y1LABEL PROBABILITY
PLOT CAUCDF(X) FOR X = -5.5 0.01 5.5
```

